Student name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. The Internal Revenue Code authorizes deductions for trade or business activities if the expenditure is "ordinary and necessary."
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-01 (Static) The Internal Revenue Code authorizes...

1. Business activities are distinguished from personal activities in that business activities are motivated by the pursuit of profits.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-02 (Static) Business activities are distinguished from...

1. The phrase "ordinary and necessary" has been defined to mean that an expense must be essential and indispensable to the conduct of a business.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-03 (Static) The phrase &#34;ordinary and necessary&#34; has been...

1. Reasonable in amount means that expenditures can be exorbitant if the activity is motivated by profit.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-04 (Static) Reasonable in amount means that expenditures can...

1. The test for whether an expenditure is reasonable in amount is whether the expenditure was for an "arm's length" amount.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-05 (Static) The test for whether an expenditure is...

1. Illegal bribes and kickbacks are not deductible business expenses, but fines imposed by a governmental unit are deductible as long as the fines are incurred in the ordinary course of business.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-06 (Static) Illegal bribes and kickbacks are not deductible...

1. Although expenses associated with illegal activities are not deductible, political contributions can be deducted if the donation is not made to a candidate for public office.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-07 (Static) Although expenses associated with illegal...

1. When a taxpayer borrows money and invests the loan proceeds in municipal bonds, the interest paid by the taxpayer on the debt will not be deductible.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-08 (Static) When a taxpayer borrows money and invests the...

1. A business can deduct the cost of uniforms supplied to employees if the uniforms are not suitable for normal wear.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-09 (Static) A business can deduct the cost of uniforms...

1. Only half the cost of a business meal is deductible even if the meal is extravagant.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-10 (Static) Only half the cost of a business meal is...

1. Taxpayers must maintain written contemporaneous records of business purpose when traveling to claim a deduction for the expenditures.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-11 (Static) Taxpayers must maintain written contemporaneous...

1. Ralph borrowed $4 million and used the proceeds in his Internet business. The interest on this debt is not subject to an interest limitation if Ralph's business has average annual gross receipts of $27 million or less for the prior three taxable years.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-12 (Static) Ralph borrowed $4 million and used the...

1. Adjusted taxable income for calculating the business interest limitation is defined as taxable income of the taxpayer computed without regard to any item of income, gain, deduction, or loss that is not properly allocable to the trade or business.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-13 (Static) Adjusted taxable income for calculating the...

1. The deduction for business interest expense is limited to the sum of (1) business interest income and (2) 30 percent of the adjusted taxable income of the taxpayer for the taxable year.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-14 (Static) The deduction for business interest expense...

1. The deduction for business interest expense is limited to the sum of (1) business interest income and (2) the adjusted taxable income of the taxpayer for the taxable year.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-15 (Static) The deduction for business interest expense...

1. A loss deduction from a casualty of a business asset is only available if the asset is completely destroyed.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-16 (Static) A loss deduction from a casualty of a business...

1. All taxpayers must account for taxable income using a calendar year.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-17 (Static) All taxpayers must account for taxable income...

1. A short tax year can end on any day of any month other than December.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-18 (Static) A short tax year can end on any day of any month...

1. A fiscal tax year can end on the last day of any month other than December.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-19 (Static) A fiscal tax year can end on the last day of any...

1. A business generally adopts a fiscal or calendar year by using that year-end on the first tax return for the business.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-20 (Static) A business generally adopts a fiscal or calendar...

1. Sole proprietorships must use the same tax year as the proprietor of the business.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-21 (Static) Sole proprietorships must use the same tax year...

1. Even a cash-method taxpayer must consistently use accounting methods that "clearly reflect income" for tax purposes.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-22 (Static) Even a cash-method taxpayer must consistently...

1. The 12-month rule allows taxpayers to deduct the entire amount of certain prepaid business expenses.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-23 (Static) The 12-month rule allows taxpayers to deduct the...

1. The all-events test for income determines the period in which income will be recognized for tax purposes.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-24 (Static) The all-events test for income determines the...

1. Accrual-method taxpayers must include prepayments for goods or services into realized income.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-25 (Static) Accrual-method taxpayers must include...

1. Uniform capitalization of indirect inventory costs is required for most very large taxpayers.
* true
* false

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB TF Qu. 01-26 (Static) Uniform capitalization of indirect inventory...

1. Individual proprietors report their business income and deductions on:

Form 1065.

Form 1120S.

Schedule C.

Schedule A.

Form 1041.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-27 (Static) Individual proprietors report their business...

1. According to the Internal Revenue Code §162, deductible trade or business expenses must be which one of the following?

Incurred for the production of investment income

Ordinary and necessary

Minimized

Appropriate and measurable

Personal and justifiable

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-28 (Static) According to the Internal Revenue...

1. Which of the following expenditures is NOT likely to be allowed as a current deduction for a landscaping and nursery business?

Cost of fertilizer

Accounting fees

Cost of a greenhouse

Cost of uniforms for employees

A cash settlement for trade name infringement

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-29 (Static) Which of the following expenditures is NOT likely to be...

1. The IRS would most likely apply the arm's length transaction test to determine which of the following?

Whether an expenditure is related to a business activity.

Whether an expenditure will be likely to produce income.

Timeliness of an expenditure.

Reasonableness of an expenditure.

All of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-30 (Static) The IRS would most likely apply the arm&#39;s length...

1. Which of the following business expense deductions is most likely to be unreasonable in amount?

Compensation paid to the taxpayer's spouse in excess of salary payments to other employees.

Amounts paid to a subsidiary corporation for services where the amount is in excess of the cost of comparable services by competing corporations.

Cost of a meal with a former client when there is no possibility of any future benefits from a relation with that client.

All of the choices are likely to be unreasonable in amount.

None of the choices are likely to be unreasonable in amount.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-31 (Static) Which of the following business expense...

1. Which of the following is a true statement?

Interest expense is not deductible if the loan is used to purchase municipal bonds.

Insurance premiums are not deductible if paid for "key-employee" life insurance.

One-half of the cost of business meals is not deductible if not provided by a restaurant..

All of these choices are true.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-32 (Static) Which of the following...

1. Which of the following expenditures is most likely to be deductible for a construction business?

A fine for a zoning violation.

A tax underpayment penalty.

An "under the table" payment to a government representative to obtain a better price for raw materials.

A contribution to the mayor's political campaign fund.

An arm's length payment to a related party for emergency repairs of a sewage line.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-33 (Static) Which of the following expenditures is most...

1. Which of the following is an explanation for why insurance premiums on a key employee are not deductible?

A deduction for the insurance premium would offset taxable income without the potential for the proceeds generating taxable income.

The federal government does not want to subsidize insurance companies.

It is impractical to trace insurance premiums to the receipt of proceeds.

Congress presumes that all expenses are not deductible unless specifically allowed in the Internal Revenue Code.

This rule was grandfathered from a time when the Internal Revenue Code disallowed all insurance premiums deductions.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-34 (Static) Which of the following is an explanation for why...

1. Paris operates a talent agency as a sole proprietorship, and this year she incurred the following expenses in operating her talent agency. What is the total deductible amount of these expenditures?
$1,000 tickets to the super bowl with a film producer where no business was discussed
$500 lunch with sister Nicky
$700 business dinner with a client but Paris forgot to keep any records (oops!)
$900 tickets to the opera with a client following a business meeting

$450

$900

$1,100

$1,200

$0

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-35 (Static) Paris operates a talent agency as a sole...

1. Dick pays insurance premiums for his employees. What type of insurance premium is not deductible as compensation paid to the employee?

Health insurance with benefits payable to the employee.

Whole life insurance with benefits payable to the employee's dependents.

Group-term life insurance with benefits payable to the employee's dependents.

Key-employee life insurance with benefits payable to Dick.

All of the choices are deductible by Dick.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-36 (Static) Dick pays insurance premiums for his employees....

1. Which of the following is a true statement?

Meals are never deductible as a business expense.

An employer can only deduct half of any meals provided to employees as compensation.

The cost of business meals must be reasonable.

A taxpayer can only deduct a meal for a client if business is discussed during the meal.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-37 (Static) Which of the following...

1. In order to deduct a portion of the cost of a business meal, which of the following conditions must be met?

A client (not a supplier or vendor) must be present at the meal.

The taxpayer or an employee must be present at the meal.

The meal must occur on the taxpayer's business premises.

None of these choices is a condition for the deduction.

All of the choices are conditions for a deduction.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-38 (Static) In order to deduct a portion of the cost of a...

1. Which of the following is likely to be a business expense fully deductible in the current year?

Salaries in excess of the industry average paid to attract talented employees.

The cost of employee uniforms that can be adapted to ordinary personal wear.

A speeding fine paid by a trucker who was delivering a rush order.

The cost of a three-year subscription to a business publication.

None of the choices are likely to be deductible.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-39 (Static) Which of the following is likely to be a...

1. Holly took a prospective client to dinner at a restaurant, and after agreeing to a business deal, they went to the theater. Holly paid $290 for the meal and separately paid $250 for the theater tickets, amounts that were reasonable under the circumstances. What amount of these expenditures can Holly deduct as a business expense?

$540

$270

$290

$125

None—the meals and entertainment are not deductible except during travel.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-40 (Static) Holly took a prospective client to...

1. Holly took a prospective client to dinner at a restaurant, and after agreeing to a business deal, they went to the theater. Holly paid $440 for the meal and separately paid $190 for the theater tickets, amounts that were reasonable under the circumstances. What amount of these expenditures can Holly deduct as a business expense?

$630

$315

$440

$95

None—the meals and entertainment are not deductible except during travel.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-40 (Algo) Holly took a prospective client to dinner...

1. This year Clark leased a car to drive between his office and various work sites. Clark carefully recorded that he drove the car 23,000 miles this year and paid $7,200 of operating expenses ($2,700 for gas, oil, and repairs, and $4,500 for lease payments). What amount of these expenses may Clark deduct as business expenses?

$7,200

Clark cannot deduct these costs because taxpayers must use the mileage method to determine any transportation deduction.

$4,500

$2,700

Clark is not entitled to any deduction if he used the car for any personal trips.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-41 (Static) This year Clark leased a car to drive between...

1. Shelley is self-employed in Texas and recently attended a two-day business conference in New Jersey. After Shelley attended the conference, she had dinner with an old friend who lived nearby. Shelley documented her expenditures (described below). What amount can Shelley deduct?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Airfare to New Jersey** | $ 2,000 |
| **Meals at the conference provided by a caterer** | 220 |
| **Meal with an old friend** | 120 |
| **Lodging in New Jersey** | 450 |
| **Rental car** | 180 |

$2,850

$2,740

$1,850, if Shelley itemizes the deductions

All of these expenses are deductible but only if Shelley attends a conference in Texas.

None of the expenses are deductible because Shelley visited her friend.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-42 (Static) Shelley is self-employed in Texas and...

1. Shelley is self-employed in Texas and recently attended a two-day business conference in New Jersey. After Shelley attended the conference, she had dinner with an old friend who lived nearby. Shelley documented her expenditures (described below). What amount can Shelley deduct?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Airfare to New Jersey** | $ 2,200 |
| **Meals at the conference provided by a caterer** | 240 |
| **Meal with an old friend** | 132 |
| **Lodging in New Jersey** | 430 |
| **Rental car** | 200 |

$3,070

$2,950

$1,970, if Shelley itemizes the deductions

All of these expenses are deductible but only if Shelley attends a conference in Texas.

None of the expenses are deductible because Shelley visited her friend.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-42 (Algo) Shelley is self-employed in Texas and recently...

1. Which of the following is a true statement?

Meals at restaurants, lodging, and incidental expenditures are fully deductible if the taxpayer is away from home overnight while traveling on business.

Meals are deductible for an employee who is forced to work during the lunch hour.

When a taxpayer travels solely for business purposes, only half of the costs of travel are deductible.

If travel has both business and personal aspects, the cost of transportation is always deductible but the deductibility of lodging depends upon whether business is conducted that day.

None of the choices are true because business travel is not deductible.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-43 (Static) Which of the following...

1. Which of the following is a true statement about travel that has both business and personal aspects?

Transportation costs are always fully deductible.

Meals are not deductible for this type of travel.

Only half of the cost of meals and transportation is deductible.

The deduction for the cost of lodging and incidental expenditures is limited to those amounts incurred during the business portion of the travel.

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-44 (Static) Which of the following is a true statement about...

1. John is a self-employed computer consultant who lives and works in Dallas. John paid for the following activities in conjunction with his business. Which of the following expenditures is not deductible in any amount?

Dinner with a potential client where the client's business was discussed.

A trip to Houston to negotiate a contract.

A seminar in Houston on new developments in the software industry.

A trip to New York to visit a school chum who is also interested in computers.

1 only

2 only

3 only

4 only

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-45 (Static) John is a self-employed computer consultant who...

1. Which of the following expenditures is completely deductible?

$1,000 spent on compensating your brother for a personal expense.

$50 spent on meals at restaurants while traveling on business.

$2,000 spent by the employer on reimbursing an employee for entertainment.

All of these expenses are fully deductible.

None of these expenses can be deducted in full.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-46 (Static) Which of the following expenditures is...

1. Ed is a self-employed heart surgeon who lives in Michigan and has incurred the following reasonable expenses. How much can Ed deduct?
$1,000 in airfare to repair investment rental property in Colorado. Primary purpose is business.
$500 in meals at restaurants while attending a medical convention in New York.
$300 for tuition for an investment seminar, "How to pick stocks."
$100 for tickets to a football game with hospital administrators to celebrate successful negotiation of a surgical contract earlier in the day.
The correct answer is \_\_\_\_\_ .

$1,500 "for AGI"

$1,250 "for AGI" and $300 "from AGI"

$480 "for AGI"

$80 "for AGI" and $1,300 "from AGI"

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-47 (Static) Ed is a self-employed heart surgeon...

1. Ed is a self-employed heart surgeon who lives in Michigan and has incurred the following reasonable expenses. How much can Ed deduct?
$1,840 in airfare to repair investment rental property in Colorado. Primary purpose is business.
$550 in meals at restaurants while attending a medical convention in New York.
$325 for tuition for an investment seminar, "How to pick stocks."
$160 for tickets to a football game with hospital administrators to celebrate successful negotiation of a surgical contract earlier in the day.
The correct answer is \_\_\_\_\_ blank.

$2,390 "for AGI"

$2,165 "for AGI" and $355 "from AGI"

$535 "for AGI"

$140 "for AGI" and $2,165 "from AGI"

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-47 (Algo) Ed is a self-employed heart surgeon who lives in Michigan...

1. Ronald is a cash-method taxpayer who made the following expenditures this year. Which expenditure is completely deductible in this period as a business expense?

$4,000 for rent on his office, which covers the next 24 months.

$3,000 for a new watch for the mayor to keep "good relations" with city hall.

$2,500 for professional hockey tickets distributed to a customer to generate "goodwill" for his business.

$55 to collect an account receivable from a customer who has failed to pay for services rendered.

None of the choices are completely deductible.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-48 (Static) Ronald is a cash-method taxpayer who made the...

1. George operates a business that generated revenues of $50 million and allocable taxable income of $1.25 million. Included in the computation of allocable taxable income were deductible expenses of $240,000 of business interest and $250,000 of depreciation. What is the business interest limitation that George will be subject to this year if the business does not qualify under the gross income test?

$490,000

$447,000

$375,000

$300,000

$228,000

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-49 (Static) George operates a business that...

1. George operates a business that generated revenues of $68 million and allocable taxable income of $1.43 million. Included in the computation of allocable taxable income were deductible expenses of $249,000 of business interest and $259,000 of depreciation. What is the business interest limitation that George will be subject to this year if the business does not qualify under the gross income test?

$508,000

$503,700

$429,000

$351,300

$237,000

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-49 (Algo) George operates a business that generated...

1. George operates a business that generated revenues of $50 million and allocable taxable income of $560,000. Included in the computation of allocable taxable income were $900,000 of business interest expense, $20,000 of business interest income, and $180,000 of depreciation. What is the maximum business interest deduction that George will be eligible to claim this year?

$168,000

$560,000

$498,000

$452,000

$1,080,000

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-50 (Static) George operates a business that...

1. Which of the following is a true statement about the limitation on business interest deductions?

Interest disallowed by this limitation is carried back three years and then forward five years.

The limitation is calculated as a percentage of the taxpayer's gross receipts.

This limitation is not imposed on businesses with average annual gross receipts of $27 million or less for the prior three taxable years.

All of the choices are false.

All of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-51 (Static) Which of the following is a true statement...

1. Adjusted taxable income is defined as follows for purposes of the business interest limitation:

taxable income allocable to the business computed without regard to interest income; depreciation, amortization, or depletion; interest expense; and net operating loss deductions.

30 percent of revenue after deducting depreciation and interest expense.

taxable income allocable to debt invested in the business.

interest income after deducting 30 percent of all deductible expenses.

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-52 (Static) Adjusted taxable income is defined as...

1. For purposes of the business interest limitation, adjusted taxable income is defined as taxable income allocable to the business computed without regard to which of the following:

interest income, depreciation, amortization, or depletion; interest expense; and net operating loss deductions.

30 percent of revenue after deducting depreciation and interest expense.

debt invested in the business.

interest income after deducting 30 percent of all deductible expenses.

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-53 (Static) For purposes of the business interest limitation, adjusted...

1. Riley operates a plumbing business, and this year the three-year-old van he used in the business was destroyed in a traffic accident. The van was originally purchased for $20,000, and the adjusted basis was $5,800 at the time of the accident. Although the van was worth $6,000 at the time of accident, insurance only paid Riley $1,200 for the loss. What is the amount of Riley's casualty loss deduction?

$6,000

$14,000

$5,800

$4,600

$5,300

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-54 (Static) Riley operates a plumbing business, and this year...

1. Riley operates a plumbing business, and this year the three-year-old van he used in the business was destroyed in a traffic accident. The van was originally purchased for $23,400, and the adjusted basis was $5,375 at the time of the accident. Although the van was worth $6,340 at the time of accident, insurance only paid Riley $1,625 for the loss. What is the amount of Riley's casualty loss deduction?

$6,340

$17,060

$5,375

$3,750

$5,045

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-54 (Algo) Riley operates a plumbing business, and this...

1. Don operates a taxi business, and this year one of his taxis was damaged in a traffic accident. The taxi was originally purchased for $32,000, and the adjusted basis was $2,000 at the time of the accident. The taxi was repaired at a cost of $2,500 and insurance reimbursed Don $700 of this cost. What is the amount of Don's casualty loss deduction?

$1,300

$2,500

$1,800

$2,000

Don is not eligible for a casualty loss deduction

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-55 (Static) Don operates a taxi business, and this year one...

1. Don operates a taxi business, and this year one of his taxis was damaged in a traffic accident. The taxi was originally purchased for $15,500, and the adjusted basis was $1,050 at the time of the accident. The taxi was repaired at a cost of $2,975 and insurance reimbursed Don $757 of this cost. What is the amount of Don's casualty loss deduction?

$293

$2,975

$2,218

$1,050

Don is not eligible for a casualty loss deduction

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-55 (Algo) Don operates a taxi business, and this year...

1. Which of the following cannot be selected as a valid tax year-end?

December 31st

January 31st

The last Friday of the last week of June

December 15th

A tax year can end on any of these days.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-56 (Static) Which of the following cannot be selected as a...

1. Bill operates a proprietorship using the cash method of accounting, and this year he received the following:
	* $100 in cash from a customer for services rendered this year
	* a promise from a customer to pay $200 for services rendered this year
	* tickets to a football game worth $250 as payment for services performed last year
	* a check for $170 for services rendered this year that Bill forgot to cash

How much income should Bill realize on Schedule C?

$100

$300

$350

$270

$520

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-57 (Static) Bill operates a proprietorship using the cash...

1. Bill operates a proprietorship using the cash method of accounting, and this year he received the following:
	* $250 in cash from a customer for services rendered this year
	* a promise from a customer to pay $170 for services rendered this year
	* tickets to a football game worth $175 as payment for services performed last year
	* a check for $200 for services rendered this year that Bill forgot to cash

How much income should Bill realize on Schedule C?

$250

$420

$425

$450

$625

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-57 (Algo) Bill operates a proprietorship using the...

1. Clyde operates a sole proprietorship using the cash method. This year, Clyde made the following expenditures:
$480 to U.S. Bank for 12 months of interest accruing on a business loan from September 1 of this year through August 31of next year even though only $160 of interest accrued this year.
$600 for 12 months of property insurance beginning on July 1 of this year.
What is the maximum amount Clyde can deduct this year?

$760

$600

$480

$160

$1,080

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-58 (Static) Clyde operates a sole proprietorship using the...

1. Beth operates a plumbing firm. In August of last year, she signed a contract to provide plumbing services for a renovation. Beth began the work that August and finished the work in December of last year. However, Beth didn't bill the client until January of this year, and she didn't receive the payment until March when she received payment in full. When should Beth recognize income under the accrual method of accounting?

In August of last year

In December of last year

In January of this year

In March of this year

In April of this year

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-59 (Static) Beth operates a plumbing firm. In August of last...

1. Jim operates his business on the accrual method, and this year, he received $4,000 for services that he intends to provide to his clients next year. Under what circumstances can Jim defer the recognition of the $4,000 of income until next year?

Jim can defer the recognition of the income if he absolutely promises not to provide the services until next year.

Jim must defer the recognition of the income until the income is earned.

Jim can defer the recognition of the income if he has requested that the client not pay for the services until the services are provided.

Jim can elect to defer the recognition of the income if the income is not recognized for financial accounting purposes.

Jim can never defer the recognition of the prepayments of income.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-60 (Static) Jim operates his business on the accrual method...

1. When does the all-events test under the accrual method require the recognition of income from the sale of goods?

When the title of the goods passes to the buyer

When the business receives payment

When payment is due from the buyer

The earliest of the other three dates

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-61 (Static) When does the all-events test under the accrual...

1. Colbert operates a catering service on the accrual method. In November of year 1, Colbert received a payment of $9,000 for 18 months of catering services to be rendered from December 1st of year 1 through May 31st of year 3. When must Colbert recognize the income if his accounting methods are selected to minimize income recognition?

$500 is recognized in year 1, $6,000 in year 2, and $2,500 in year 3.

$500 is recognized in year 1 and $8,500 in year 2.

$9,000 is recognized in year 3.

$2,500 is recognized in year 1 and $6,500 in year 2.

$9,000 is recognized in year 1.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-62 (Static) Colbert operates a catering service on the...

1. Which of the following types of transactions does not result in the immediate recognition of revenue or expense for a small business using the accrual method?

Sales of inventory on account

A note received from a customer in exchange for services rendered

Salaries paid to employees by check

Credit card payments from customers for services received

All of the choices will result in recognition of revenue or expense using the cash method.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-63 (Static) Which of the following types of transactions does...

1. Which of the following types of expenditures is not subject to capitalization under the uniform cost capitalization (UNICAP) rules?

Selling expenditures

Cost of manufacturing labor

Compensation of managers who supervise production

Cost of raw materials

All of the choices are subject to capitalization under the UNICAP rules

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-64 (Static) Which of the following types of expenditures is...

1. Kip started a wholesale store this year selling bulk peanut butter. In January of this year, Kip purchased an initial five tubs of peanut butter for a total cost of $5,000. In July, Kip purchased three tubs for a total cost of $6,000. Finally, in November Kip bought two tubs for a total cost of $1,000. Kip sold six tubs by year-end. What is Kip's ending inventory under the FIFO cost-flow method?

$12,000

$6,000

$5,000

$2,500

$1,000

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-65 (Static) Kip started a wholesale store this year selling...

1. Mike started a calendar-year business on September 1st of this year by paying 12 months of rent on his shop at $1,000 per month. What is the maximum amount of rent that Mike can deduct this year under each type of accounting method?

$12,000 under the cash method and $12,000 under the accrual method

$4,000 under the cash method and $12,000 under the accrual method

$12,000 under the cash method and $4,000 under the accrual method

$4,000 under the cash method and $4,000 under the accrual method

$4,000 under the cash method and zero under the accrual method

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-66 (Static) Mike started a calendar-year business on...

1. Mike started a calendar-year business on September 1st of this year by paying 12 months of rent on his shop at $1,500 per month. What is the maximum amount of rent that Mike can deduct this year under each type of accounting method?

$18,000 under the cash method and $18,000 under the accrual method

$6,000 under the cash method and $18,000 under the accrual method

$18,000 under the cash method and $6,000 under the accrual method

$6,000 under the cash method and $6,000 under the accrual method

$6,000 under the cash method and zero under the accrual method

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-66 (Algo) Mike started a calendar-year business on September...

1. Which of the following is a payment liability?

Tort claims

Refunds

Insurance premiums

Real estate taxes

All of the choices are correct

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-67 (Static) Which of the following...

1. Joe is a self-employed electrician who operates his business on the accrual method. This year Joe purchased a shop for his business, and for the first time at year-end he received a bill for $4,500 of property taxes on his shop. Joe didn't pay the taxes until after year-end but prior to filing his tax return. Which of the following is a true statement?

If he elects to treat the taxes as a recurring item, Joe can accrue and deduct $4,500 of taxes on the shop this year.

The taxes are a payment liability.

The taxes would not be deductible if Joe's business was on the cash method.

Unless Joe makes an election, the taxes are not deductible this year.

All of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-68 (Static) Joe is a self-employed electrician who operates...

1. Brad operates a storage business on the accrual method. On July 1, Brad paid $48,000 for rent on his storage warehouse and $18,000 for insurance on the contents of the warehouse. The rent and insurance cover the next 12 months. What is Brad's deduction for the rent and insurance?

$48,000 for the rent and $18,000 for the insurance

$24,000 for the rent and $18,000 for the insurance

$24,000 for the rent and $9,000 for the insurance

$48,000 for the rent and $9,000 for the insurance

None of the choices are correct.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-69 (Static) Brad operates a storage business on the accrual...

1. Ajax Computer Company is an accrual-method calendar-year taxpayer. Ajax has never advertised in the national media prior to this year. In November of this year, however, Ajax paid $1 million for television advertising time during a "super" sporting event scheduled to take place in early February of next year. In addition, in November of this year the company paid $500,000 for a one-time advertising blitz during a professional golf tournament in April of next year. What amount of these payments, if any, can Ajax deduct this year?

$1 million

$500,000

$1.5 million

$1.5 million only if the professional golf tournament is played before April 15

No deduction can be claimed this year

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-70 (Static) Ajax Computer Company is an accrual-method...

1. Ajax Computer Company is an accrual-method calendar-year taxpayer. Ajax has never advertised in the national media prior to this year. In November of this year, however, Ajax paid $2.30 million for television advertising time during a "super" sporting event scheduled to take place in early February of next year. In addition, in November of this year the company paid $1,800,000 for a one-time advertising blitz during a professional golf tournament in April of next year. What amount of these payments, if any, can Ajax deduct this year?

$2.30 million

$1,800,000

$4.10 million

$4.10 million only if the professional golf tournament is played before April 15

No deduction can be claimed this year

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-70 (Algo) Ajax Computer Company is an accrual-method...

1. Big Homes Corporation is an accrual-method calendar-year taxpayer that manufactures and sells modular homes. This year, for the first time Big Homes was forced to offer a rebate on the purchase of new homes. At year-end, Big Homes had paid $12,000 in rebates and was liable for an additional $7,500 in rebates to buyers. What amount of the rebates, if any, can Big Homes deduct this year?

$12,000 because rebates are payment liabilities.

$19,500 because Big Homes is an accrual-method taxpayer.

$19,500 if this amount is not material, Big Homes expects to continue the practice of offering rebates in future years, and Big Homes expects to pay the accrued rebates before filing its tax return for this year.

$12,000 because the $7,500 liability is not fixed and determinable.

Big Homes is not entitled to a deduction because rebates are against public policy.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-71 (Static) Big Homes Corporation is an accrual-method...

1. Big Homes Corporation is an accrual-method calendar-year taxpayer that manufactures and sells modular homes. This year, for the first time Big Homes was forced to offer a rebate on the purchase of new homes. At year-end, Big Homes had paid $13,100 in rebates and was liable for an additional $8,050 in rebates to buyers. What amount of the rebates, if any, can Big Homes deduct this year?

$13,100 because rebates are payment liabilities.

$21,150 because Big Homes is an accrual-method taxpayer.

$21,150 if this amount is not material, Big Homes expects to continue the practice of offering rebates in future years, and Big Homes expects to pay the accrued rebates before filing its tax return for this year.

$13,100 because the $8,050 liability is not fixed and determinable.

Big Homes is not entitled to a deduction because rebates are against public policy.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-71 (Algo) Big Homes Corporation is an accrual-method...

1. Jones operates an upscale restaurant and he pays experienced cooks $35,000 per year. This year, he hired his son as an apprentice cook. Jones agreed to pay his son $40,000 per year. Which of the following is a true statement about this transaction?

Jones will be allowed to deduct $40,000 only if his son eventually develops into an expert cook.

Jones will be allowed to accrue $40,000 only if he pays his son in cash.

Jones will be allowed to deduct $35,000 as compensation and another $5,000 can be deducted as an employee gift.

Jones is not entitled to any business deduction until the son is an experienced cook.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-72 (Static) Jones operates an upscale restaurant and he pays...

1. Jones operates an upscale restaurant and he pays experienced cooks $42,000 per year. This year, he hired his son as an apprentice cook. Jones agreed to pay his son $45,600 per year. Which of the following is a true statement about this transaction?

Jones will be allowed to deduct $45,600 only if his son eventually develops into an expert cook.

Jones will be allowed to accrue $45,600 only if he pays his son in cash.

Jones will be allowed to deduct $42,000 as compensation and another $3,600 can be deducted as an employee gift.

Jones is not entitled to any business deduction until the son is an experienced cook.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-72 (Algo) Jones operates an upscale restaurant and he...

1. Manley operates a law practice on the accrual method and calendar year. At the beginning of the year, Manley's firm had an allowance for doubtful accounts with a balance of $15,000. At the end of the year, Manley recorded bad debt expense of $23,000 and the balance of doubtful accounts had increased to $18,000. What is Manley's deduction for bad debt expense this year?

$23,000

$3,000

$26,000

$5,000

$20,000

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-73 (Static) Manley operates a law practice on the accrual...

1. Manley operates a law practice on the accrual method and calendar year. At the beginning of the year, Manley's firm had an allowance for doubtful accounts with a balance of $14,700. At the end of the year, Manley recorded bad debt expense of $22,000 and the balance of doubtful accounts had increased to $19,000. What is Manley's deduction for bad debt expense this year?

$22,000

$4,300

$26,300

$3,000

$17,700

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-73 (Algo) Manley operates a law practice on the accrual...

1. Which of the following is NOT considered a related party for the purpose of limitation on accruals to related parties?

Spouse when the taxpayer is an individual.

A partner when the taxpayer is a partnership.

Brother when the taxpayer is an individual.

A minority shareholder when the taxpayer is a corporation.

All of these are related parties.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-74 (Static) Which of the following is NOT considered a...

1. Which of the following is a true statement about accounting for business activities?

An overall accounting method can only be adopted with the permission of the commissioner.

An overall accounting method is initially adopted on the first return filed for the business.

The cash method can only be adopted by individual taxpayers.

The accrual method can only be adopted by corporate taxpayers.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-75 (Static) Which of the following is a true statement about...

1. Which of the following is a true statement about impermissible accounting methods?

An impermissible method is adopted by using the method to report results for two consecutive years.

An impermissible method may never be used by a taxpayer.

Cash-method accounting is an impermissible method for partnerships and Subchapter S– electing corporations.

There is no accounting method that is impermissible.

None of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-76 (Static) Which of the following is a true statement about...

1. Todd operates a business using the cash basis of accounting. At the end of last year, Todd was granted permission to switch his sales on account to the accrual method. Last year, Todd made $420,000 of sales on account, and $64,000 was uncollected at the end of the year. What is Todd's §481 adjustment for this year?

Increase income by $420,000

Increase income by $16,000

Increase expenses by $64,000

Increase expenses by $420,000

Todd has no §481 adjustment this year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-77 (Static) Todd operates a business using the cash basis of...

1. Todd operates a business using the cash basis of accounting. At the end of last year, Todd was granted permission to switch his sales on account to the accrual method. Last year, Todd made $429,500 of sales on account, and $67,800 was uncollected at the end of the year. What is Todd's §481 adjustment for this year?

Increase income by $429,500

Increase income by $16,950

Increase expenses by $67,800

Increase expenses by $429,500

Todd has no &sect481 adjustment this year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-77 (Algo) Todd operates a business using the cash basis...

1. Which of the following is a true statement about a request for a change in accounting method?

Some requests are automatically granted.

Most requests require the permission of the commissioner.

Many requests require payment of a fee and a good business purpose for the change.

Form 3115 is typically required to be filed with a request for change in accounting method.

All of the choices are true.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : automatic
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB MC Qu. 01-78 (Static) Which of the following is a true statement about...

1. Smith operates a roof repair business. This year, Smith's business generated cash receipts of $32,000, and Smith made the following expenditures associated with his business:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Advertising** | $ 500 |
| **Car and truck expenses** | 1,360 |
| **Depreciation** | 3,200 |
| **Employee compensation** | 5,000 |
| **Education** | 1,000 |

The education expense was for a two-week, nighttime course in business management. Smith believes the expenditure should qualify as an ordinary and necessary business expense. What net income should Smith report from his business? Smith is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-79 (Static) Smith operates a roof repair business....

1. Smith operates a roof repair business. This year, Smith's business generated cash receipts of $33,800, and Smith made the following expenditures associated with his business:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Advertising** | $ 595 |
| **Car and truck expenses** | 1,284 |
| **Depreciation** | 3,246 |
| **Employee compensation** | 5,475 |
| **Education** | 2,900 |

The education expense was for a two-week, nighttime course in business management. Smith believes the expenditure should qualify as an ordinary and necessary business expense. What net income should Smith report from his business? Smith is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-79 (Algo) Smith operates a roof repair business. This...

1. Bryon operates a consulting business and he usually works alone. However, during the summer Bryon will sometimes hire undergraduate students to collect data for his projects. This past summer Bryon hired Fred, the son of a prominent businessman, for a part-time summer job. The summer job usually pays about $17,000, but Bryon paid Fred $27,000 to gain favor with Fred's father. What amount of Fred's summer wages can Bryon deduct for tax purposes? Bryon is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-80 (Static) Bryon operates a consulting business and he...

1. Bryon operates a consulting business and he usually works alone. However, during the summer Bryon will sometimes hire undergraduate students to collect data for his projects. This past summer Bryon hired Fred, the son of a prominent businessman, for a part-time summer job. The summer job usually pays about $18,000, but Bryon paid Fred $31,000 to gain favor with Fred's father. What amount of Fred's summer wages can Bryon deduct for tax purposes? Bryon is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-01 Identify common business deductions.
Topic : Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-80 (Algo) Bryon operates a consulting business and he...

1. Werner is the president and CEO of Acme, Incorporated, and this year, he took a prospective client to dinner. During the dinner, Werner and the client discussed a proposed contract for over $6 million as well as personal matters. After dinner, Werner took the client to a football game and no business was discussed. Werner paid $1,220 for an expensive (but not extravagant) dinner at a restaurant and spent $600 for tickets to the game. What is the deductible amount of these expenses?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-81 (Static) Werner is the president and CEO of Acme,...

1. Crystal operates a business that provides typing and delivery services. This year, Crystal spent $2,500 to purchase special shirts that identify her employees and provide some notoriety for her business. The shirts are especially colorful and include logos on the front pocket and the back. Besides salary payments, Crystal also compensates her employees by offering to pay whole life insurance premiums for any that want to provide insurance coverage for their beneficiaries. This year, Crystal paid $5,000 in life insurance premiums. What amount of these payments can Crystal deduct? Crystal is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-82 (Static) Crystal operates a business that provides typing...

1. Crystal operates a business that provides typing and delivery services. This year, Crystal spent $2,650 to purchase special shirts that identify her employees and provide some notoriety for her business. The shirts are especially colorful and include logos on the front pocket and the back. Besides salary payments, Crystal also compensates her employees by offering to pay whole life insurance premiums for any that want to provide insurance coverage for their beneficiaries. This year, Crystal paid $5,750 in life insurance premiums. What amount of these payments can Crystal deduct? Crystal is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-82 (Algo) Crystal operates a business that provides typing...

1. Judy is a self-employed musician who performs for a variety of events. This year, Judy was fined $250 by the city for violating the city's noise ordinance with a relatively loud performance. As a result, Judy contributed $1,000 to a campaign committee formed to recall the city's mayor. Judy normally hires three part-time employees to help her schedule events and transport equipment. Judy paid a total of $33,000 to her employees through June of this year. In June, Judy fired her part-time employees and hired her husband to replace them. However, Judy paid him $55,000 rather than $33,000. Judy is on the cash method and calendar year, and she wants to know what amount of these expenditures is deductible as business expenses.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-83 (Static) Judy is a self-employed musician who performs...

1. Judy is a self-employed musician who performs for a variety of events. This year, Judy was fined $275 by the city for violating the city's noise ordinance with a relatively loud performance. As a result, Judy contributed $950 to a campaign committee formed to recall the city's mayor. Judy normally hires three part-time employees to help her schedule events and transport equipment. Judy paid a total of $33,500 to her employees through June of this year. In June, Judy fired her part-time employees and hired her husband to replace them. However, Judy paid him $54,500 rather than $33,500. Judy is on the cash method and calendar year, and she wants to know what amount of these expenditures is deductible as business expenses.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-83 (Algo) Judy is a self-employed musician who performs...

1. Danny owns an electronics outlet in Dallas. This year, he paid $600 to register for a four-day course in management in Chicago. Danny paid $800 in airfare and $1,000 for five nights' lodging. After the course, Danny spent the last day sightseeing. During the trip, Danny also paid $140 a day for meals at restaurants, and $80 a day for a rental car. What amount of these travel expenditures may Danny deduct as business expenses?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-84 (Static) Danny owns an electronics outlet in Dallas. This...

1. Danny owns an electronics outlet in Dallas. This year, he paid $615 to register for a four-day course in management in Chicago. Danny paid $785 in airfare and $940 for five nights’ lodging. After the course, Danny spent the last day sightseeing. During the trip, Danny also paid $170 a day for meals at restaurants, and $110 a day for a rental car. What amount of these travel expenditures may Danny deduct as business expenses?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-84 (Algo) Danny owns an electronics outlet in...

1. Sam operates a small chain of pizza outlets in Fort Collins, Colorado. In November of this year, Sam decided to attend a two-day management training course. Sam could choose to attend the course in Denver or Los Angeles. Sam decided to attend the course in Los Angeles and take an eight-day vacation immediately after the course. Sam reported the following expenditures from the trip:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Course Tuition** | $ 2,500 |
| **Airfare** | 800 |
| **Hotel (10 nights)** | 1,200 |
| **Rental car (10 days)** | 900 |
| **Meals at restaurants (10 days)** | 1,500 |

What amount of travel expenditures can Sam deduct?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-85 (Static) Sam operates a small chain of pizza...

1. Sam operates a small chain of pizza outlets in Fort Collins, Colorado. In November of this year, Sam decided to attend a two-day management training course. Sam could choose to attend the course in Denver or Los Angeles. Sam decided to attend the course in Los Angeles and take an eight-day vacation immediately after the course. Sam reported the following expenditures from the trip:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Course Tuition** | $ 2,950 |
| **Airfare** | 950 |
| **Hotel (10 nights)** | 2,700 |
| **Rental car (10 days)** | 750 |
| **Meals at restaurants (10 days)** | 3,000 |

What amount of travel expenditures can Sam deduct?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-85 (Algo) Sam operates a small chain of pizza outlets...

1. Gabby operates a pizza delivery service. This year, she paid delivery personnel $18,000 in salary. She carefully documented the business use of the auto (11,700 miles this year), and her $7,350 of vehicle expenses (for gas, oil, repairs, and auto lease payments). What amount of these expenses may Gabby deduct as business expenses? Gabby is on the cash method and calendar year.

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-86 (Static) Gabby operates a pizza delivery service. This...

1. Alvin is a self-employed sound technician who reports on the cash method and calendar year. Alvin has a shop in Austin, Texas, but he spends much of his time away from his shop traveling to and from various concerts around the country. Alvin leases a truck to move his equipment around the country, and this year, he spent $12,000 in lease payments and paid $18,000 for gas, oil, and repairs. Alvin keeps records of his personal use of the truck and he estimates that 6,000 of the total 36,000 miles put on the truck this year were for personal trips. What amount of these expenses may Alvin deduct as business expenses?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-87 (Static) Alvin is a self-employed sound technician who...

1. Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated $50,000,000 of revenue this year and reported taxable income (before depreciation, and any tax loss carryovers) of $1.3 million. Taxable income included $350,000 of interest income and interest expense of $1.25 million. What is Sandy Bottoms' maximum interest expense deduction for the year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-88 (Static) Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated...

1. Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated $50,000,000 of revenue this year and reported taxable income (before depreciation, and any tax loss carryovers) of $3.0 million. Taxable income included $384,000 of interest income and interest expense of $2.10 million. What is Sandy Bottoms' maximum interest expense deduction for the year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-88 (Algo) Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated...

1. Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated taxable income of $700,000. Taxable income included $70,000,000 of revenue, $400,000 of interest expense, $50,000 of interest income, $230,000 of depreciation deductions, and a $100,000 deduction for an NOL carryover from a prior year. What is Sandy Bottoms' maximum interest expense deduction for the year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-89 (Static) Sandy Bottoms Corporation generated...

1. Rock Island Corporation generated taxable income of $800,000 this year. Taxable income was computed on $50 million of revenues and included $50,000 of interest income. The company paid $450,000 in interest expense and claimed deductions for $150,000 of depreciation. What is Rock Island's maximum business interest deduction for the year if the business does not qualify under the gross income test?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-90 (Static) Rock Island Corporation generated taxable...

1. Rock Island Corporation generated taxable income of $816,000 this year. Taxable income was computed on $58 million of revenues and included $52,000 of interest income. The company paid $452,000 in interest expense and claimed deductions for $151,600 of depreciation. What is Rock Island's maximum business interest deduction for the year if the business does not qualify under the gross income test?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-90 (Algo) Rock Island Corporation generated taxable income...

1. Rock Island Corporation generated taxable income of $100,000. Taxable income was computed on $50 million of revenues that included $45,000 of interest income and deductions for $40,000 in interest expense and $8,000 for a net operating loss carryover. What is Rock Island's maximum business interest deduction for the year if the business does not qualify under the gross income test?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-91 (Static) Rock Island Corporation generated taxable...

1. Otto operates a bakery and is on the cash method and calendar year. This year, one of Otto's ovens caught fire and was partially destroyed. Otto bought it a few years ago for $20,000 and claimed depreciation of $12,000 up to the fire. Otto was charged $4,400 for repairs to the oven but the insurance company paid Otto $1,500 for the damage. What is Otto's casualty loss deduction?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-92 (Static) Otto operates a bakery and is on the cash method...

1. Otto operates a bakery and is on the cash method and calendar year. This year, one of Otto's ovens caught fire and was partially destroyed. Otto bought it a few years ago for $25,500 and claimed depreciation of $13,100 up to the fire. Otto was charged $3,850 for repairs to the oven but the insurance company paid Otto $1,775 for the damage. What is Otto's casualty loss deduction?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-02 Determine the limits on deducting business expenses.
Topic : Limitations on Business Deductions
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-92 (Algo) Otto operates a bakery and is on the cash...

1. David purchased a deli shop on February 1st of last year and began to operate it as a sole proprietorship. David reports his personal taxes using the cash method over a calendar year, and he wants to use the cash method and fiscal year for his sole proprietorship. He has summarized his receipts and expenses through January 31st of this year as follows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Receipts** | **Expenses** |
| **February through December last year** | $ 112,000 | $ 84,500 |
| **January this year** | 10,400 | 6,200 |

What income should David report from his sole proprietorship?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-93 (Static) David purchased a deli shop on...

1. David purchased a deli shop on February 1st of last year and began to operate it as a sole proprietorship. David reports his personal taxes using the cash method over a calendar year, and he wants to use the cash method and fiscal year for his sole proprietorship. He has summarized his receipts and expenses through January 31st of this year as follows:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **Receipts** | **Expenses** |
| **February through December last year** | $ 113,700 | $ 81,950 |
| **January this year** | 12,100 | 7,900 |

What income should David report from his sole proprietorship?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-03 Describe accounting periods available to businesses.
Topic : Accounting Periods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-93 (Algo) David purchased a deli shop on February 1st...

1. Marilyn operates a day care center as a cash-method sole proprietorship. On August 1st of this year, Marilyn received a prepayment of $4,000 for child care services to be rendered evenly over the next 20 months. How much income must Marilyn recognize this year if she is attempting to minimize her tax burden?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-94 (Static) Marilyn operates a day care center as a...

1. Mike operates a fishing outfitter as an accrual-method sole proprietorship. On March 1st of this year, Mike received $15,000 for three outfitting trips. This is the first time Mike agreed to such a payment and he is obligated to outfit one trip per year for the next three summers, beginning this year. How much income must Mike recognize in each of the next three years if he is attempting to minimize his tax burden?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-95 (Static) Mike operates a fishing outfitter as an...

1. Mike operates a fishing outfitter as an accrual-method sole proprietorship. On March 1st of this year, Mike received $18,600 for four outfitting trips. This is the first time Mike agreed to such a payment and he is obligated to outfit one trip per year for the next four summers, beginning this year. How much income must Mike recognize in each of the next four years if he is attempting to minimize his tax burden?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-95 (Algo) Mike operates a fishing outfitter as an...

1. Anne is a self-employed electrician who reports her business income using the accrual method over a calendar year. On September 1st of this year, Anne paid $2,280 of interest on a loan. The interest accrues evenly over 19 months ($120 per month) from June 1st of this year through December 31st of next year. In addition, on September 1st Anne also paid $2,700 for 18 months of professional liability insurance ($150 per month). What amount of interest and insurance can Anne deduct this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-96 (Static) Anne is a self-employed electrician who reports...

1. Anne is a self-employed electrician who reports her business income using the accrual method over a calendar year. On September 1st of this year, Anne paid $2,540 of interest on a loan. The interest accrues evenly over 20 months ($127 per month) from June 1st of this year through December 31st of next year. In addition, on September 1st Anne also paid $2,983 for 19 months of professional liability insurance ($157 per month). What amount of interest and insurance can Anne deduct this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Algo
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-96 (Algo) Anne is a self-employed electrician who reports...

1. Bob operates a clothing business using the accrual method over a calendar year. In October of last year, Bob contracted with his father, Tim, for consulting advice. Tim is a cash-basis calendar-year taxpayer, and he billed Bob for $6,000 of consulting fees. This amount was comparable to amounts charged by other consultants (a reasonable amount). Bob paid $2,500 of the consulting fee by December 31st of last year, but the remaining $3,500 was not paid until January of this year. When can Bob deduct the consulting fee?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Understand
Difficulty : 2 Medium
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-97 (Static) Bob operates a clothing business using the...

1. Colby Motors uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. In December of last year, Colby acquired auto repair equipment. As part of the acquisition, Colby purchased a warranty agreement that requires the seller of the equipment to provide repairs on the equipment for three years. Colby paid the cost of the warranty, $15,000, in January of this year. What can Colby deduct for the cost of the warranty on the tax return for last year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-98 (Static) Colby Motors uses the accrual method and reports...

1. Ranger Athletic Equipment uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. Ranger provides two-year warranties on all sales of equipment. This year, Ranger estimated warranty expense for book purposes, and he accrued $1 million of warranty expenses. However, during the year Ranger only spent $400,000 repairing equipment under the warranty. What can Ranger deduct for warranty expense on the tax return for this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-99 (Static) Ranger Athletic Equipment uses the accrual...

1. Blackwell Manufacturing uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. This year, a customer was injured when visiting the Blackwell factory. The customer sued the company for $500,000, and the case is still being litigated. However, Blackwell's attorney expects that the company will pay at least $250,000 to settle the claim. What amount, if any, can Blackwell deduct for the expected claim settlement this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Remember
Difficulty : 1 Easy
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-100 (Static) Blackwell Manufacturing uses the accrual method...

1. Joe operates a plumbing business that uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. This year, Joe signed a $50,000 binding contract with Brian. Under the contract, Brian will provide Joe with up to 2,000 hours of vehicle repairs at $25 per hour. This year, Brian provided 200 hours of repair services and billed Joe for $5,000. At year-end, Joe had not paid Brian for the services. What amount, if any, can Joe deduct for the repair services this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-101 (Static) Joe operates a plumbing business that uses the...

1. Shadow Services uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. This year, Shadow agreed to a uniform-cleaning contract with Odie Cleaning. Under the contract, Odie bills Shadow for cleaning services as the services are provided. At year-end, Shadow paid Odie $2,350 for the services rendered during the year. In addition, Shadow paid Odie $700 for cleaning services expected in January of next year. What amount, if any, can Shadow deduct for the cleaning services this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-102 (Static) Shadow Services uses the accrual method and...

1. Murphy uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. This year, Murphy signed a binding contract to provide consulting services to Kirby beginning next year. Murphy incurred $15,000 to train his staff for this particular project. In addition, Murphy estimates that he will incur another $60,000 to complete the Kirby contract. What amount, if any, can Murphy deduct this year for the services expected to be rendered next year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-103 (Static) Murphy uses the accrual method and reports on a...

1. Taffy Products uses the accrual method and reports on a calendar year. On July 1st of this year Taffy paid $48,000 for warehouse rent and $18,000 for insurance on the contents of its warehouse. The rent and insurance cover the next 12 months. What amount, if any, can Taffy deduct for rent and insurance this year?

 **Question Details**AACSB : Reflective Thinking
AACSB : Analytical Thinking
AICPA : BB Critical Thinking
Accessibility : Keyboard Navigation
Accessibility : Screen Reader Compatible
Bloom's : Analyze
Bloom's : Apply
Difficulty : 3 Hard
Gradable : manual
Learning Objective : 01-04 Apply cash and accrual methods to determine business income and expense de
Topic : Accounting Methods
Type : Static
Source : Chapter 01 Test Bank - Static and Algo > TB ES Qu. 01-104 (Static) Taffy Products uses the accrual method and...

**Answer Key**Test name: McGraw-Hill's Taxation of Business Entities Chapter 01 Test Bank

TRUE

TRUE

FALSE

A necessary expense is an expense that is helpful or conducive to the business activity.

FALSE

TRUE

FALSE

No deductions are allowed for expenditures that are against public policy.

FALSE

TRUE

TRUE

FALSE

TRUE

TRUE

FALSE

TRUE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

TRUE

TRUE

TRUE

TRUE

TRUE

TRUE

FALSE

Under certain conditions, accrual-method can elect to defer recognition of unearned income for up to one year.

TRUE

C

B

This is language from the Internal Revenue Code.

C

A greenhouse is likely to be capitalized rather than deducted as an ordinary and necessary business expense.

D

Arm's length is the test used to determine whether an expenditure is reasonable or exorbitant in amount.

D

All three situations involve suspicious payments to a related taxpayer or payments with personal benefits.

D

The deduction of each of the above expenditures is either limited or prohibited altogether.

E

All of the other alternatives are against public policy.

A

Expenses associated with the production of tax-exempt income are not deductible.

E

To deduct the cost of meals associated with an entertainment activity, the cost of the meal must be identified separately from the cost of the entertainment. In all events, only half of the meal expense can be deducted.

D

Since the life insurance proceeds are not included in Dick's income, the premiums are classified as an expense associated with the production of tax-exempt income.

C

Employee meals can be fully deductible as compensation, and meals merely need to be associated with the conduct of business.

B

The taxpayer or employee must be present for a portion of the cost of the meal to be deductible.

A

The fine is against public policy, the three-year subscription must be amortized, and uniforms are only deductible if not adaptable to ordinary wear.

C

The cost of entertainment is not deductible. The cost of business meals provided at restaurants is 100% deductible ($290 × 100% = $290).

C

The cost of entertainment is not deductible. The cost of business meals provided at restaurants is 100% deductible ($440 × 100% = $440).

A

The costs are deductible and prorated between business and personal use. Alternatively, in lieu of deducting these costs, Clark may simply deduct a standard amount for the business mileage.

B

B

A

When the travel has both business and personal aspects, the deductibility of the transportation costs depends upon whether business is the primary purpose for the trip. Meals at restaurants, lodging, and incidental expenditures are fully deductible if the taxpayer is away from home overnight while traveling on business.

D

Mixed-motive travel is prorated between business and personal elements.

D

The visit to the school chum does not appear to be business related.

B

Business meals are only 100 percent deductible and entertainment is not deductible.

A

The investment seminar and entertainment are not deductible, and 100 percent of the meal cost is deductible [$1,000 airfare + ($500 × 100% = $500 meals) = $1,500 total deduction].

A

The investment seminar and entertainment are not deductible, and 100 percent of the meal cost is deductible [$1,840 airfare + ($550 × 100% = $550 meals) = $2,390 total deduction].

D

The rent is prepaid and must be amortized, the watch is a bribe, the gift is too expensive for deduction, and although a cash-method taxpayer cannot deduct bad debts, amounts paid to collect those receivables are fully deductible as an ordinary and necessary business expense.

B

($1,250,000 + $240,000) × 30% = $447,000. Note that George can only deduct the interest that was actually paid.

B

($1,430,000 + $249,000) × 30% = $503,700. Note that George can only deduct the interest that was actually paid.

D

(($560,000 + $900,000 − $20,000) × 30%) + 20,000 = $452,000.

C

Small businesses are not subject to the limitation.

A

Adjusted taxable income is allocable and computed without regard to depreciation or amortization.

A

Adjusted taxable income is computed without regard to interest income or expense, depreciation or amortization, and net operating losses.

D

Adjusted basis less insurance reimbursement ($5,800 − $1,200).

D

Adjusted basis less insurance reimbursement ($5,375 − $1,625).

A

Lesser of adjusted basis or decline in value (repair cost) less insurance reimbursement (Lesser of $2,500 or $2,000 = $2,000 − $700 = $1,300).

A

Lesser of adjusted basis or decline in value (repair cost) less insurance reimbursement (Lesser of $2,975 or $1,050 = $1,050 − $757 = $293).

D

December 15 will not qualify for a fiscal or a 52 or 53 week year.

E

Income is realized as property is received, but the promise to pay is not property ($100 + $250 + $170 = $520).

E

Income is realized as property is received, but the promise to pay is not property ($250 + $175 + $200 = $625).

A

$160 + $600 = $760. The interest can only be deducted as it accrues, so only $160 is deductible. However, all of the insurance payment can be deducted under the 12-month rule because the insurance does not extend beyond the end of next year.

B

The income is earned when the all-events test is satisfied on the earliest of the date that the service is provided, the service is billed, or the payment is received.

D

The deferral method can be elected for advance payments of unearned service income if the income is also unearned for financial reporting.

D

The definition of all-events is when the right to income is fixed and determinable on the earliest of the three dates listed.

B

Prepayments for services can be deferred for one year if the payments are also unearned for financial reporting purposes. ($9,000 ÷ 18) × 1 month = $500.

A

Sales of inventory need not be accounted for using the accrual method if the taxpayer has average annual gross receipts of $27 million or less for the prior three taxable years.

A

Selling, advertising, and research expenditures are not subject to UNICAP.

C

Kip had $12,000 of goods available for sale. Under the FIFO method, he sold all five tubs from January ($5,000) and one of the tubs from July ($2,000). Hence, his ending inventory consisted of $5,000 (two tubs from July, $4,000, plus both tubs from November, $1,000).

C

Mike can deduct 12 months of rent under the cash method by applying the 12-month rule, whereas only four months of rent will accrue because economic performance occurs ratably.

C

Mike can deduct 12 months of rent under the cash method by applying the 12-month rule, whereas only four months of rent will accrue because economic performance occurs ratably.

E

This is a list of payment liabilities.

E

Joe can elect to deduct the taxes accruing this year or he can elect to deduct them as recurring items. If neither election is made, then Joe deducts them in the year paid.

B

Economic performance occurs for the rent ratably over time, so only $24,000 is accrued ($2,000 per month). Insurance is a payment liability and accrues only as paid. However, since the payment spans two periods (six months this year and six months next year), the portion benefiting the future period would typically be capitalized. In this case, the duration of the contract does not exceed 12 months and the payment does not extend beyond the end of next year. So, the 12-month rule allows for the deduction of $18,000. Note that the 12-month rule cannot apply to the rent until economic performance occurs, and this only happens ratably.

A

Deduct $1 million, because under the three-and-a-half-month rule payment for a service qualifies as economic performance when actual performance (the service) is expected within three and a half months of the date of payment. Note that the $500,000 might also be deductible if it qualified as a recurring expense if Ajax committed to the ad campaign in future years.

A

Deduct $2.30 million, because under the three-and-a-half-month rule payment for a service qualifies as economic performance when actual performance (the service) is expected within three and a half months of the date of payment. Note that the $1,800,000 might also be deductible if it qualified as a recurring expense if Ajax committed to the ad campaign in future years.

C

This is the definition of a recurring item—not material in amount (or better matching), expected to recur in the future, and paid before the earlier of eight and a half months or the time the tax return is filed.

C

This is the definition of a recurring item—not material in amount (or better matching), expected to recur in the future, and paid before the earlier of eight and a half months or the time the tax return is filed.

E

It is likely that Jones will be able to deduct something less than $35,000 as compensation. The remaining compensation will be unreasonable in amount. The compensation will only be deductible in the period in which Jones actually pays his son. Also, gifts are not deductible.

E

It is likely that Jones will be able to deduct something less than $42,000 as compensation. The remaining compensation will be unreasonable in amount. The compensation will only be deductible in the period in which Jones actually pays his son. Also, gifts are not deductible.

E

The $23,000 recorded as bad debt expense for financial accounting purposes would have increased the allowance account; however, since the allowance increased $3,000, actual write-offs were $20,000.

E

The $22,000 recorded as bad debt expense for financial accounting purposes would have increased the allowance account; however, since the allowance increased $4,300, actual write-offs were $17,700.

D

Family members, shareholders, C corporations if the shareholder owns more the 50 percent of the corporation's stock, and owners of partnerships and S corporations.

B

An overall accounting method (cash or accrual) is initially adopted with the first return filed for the business.

A

A permissible method is adopted by using the method for one year.

B

Todd has a positive §481 adjustment of $64,000, and this year only one-quarter of the adjustment ($16,000) must be recognized.

B

Todd has a positive §481 adjustment of $67,800, and this year only one-quarter of the adjustment ($16,950) must be recognized.

E

All of these reflect true statements about requests for changes in accounting method.

Essay

$20,940 = $32,000 − $11,060.
All of the expenses are typical ordinary and necessary expenditures.

Essay

$20,300 = $33,800 − $13,500.
All of the expenses are typical ordinary and necessary expenditures.

Essay

$17,000Only $17,000 is deductible, and the remaining $10,000 is either unreasonable in amount or against public policy (as a bribe).

Essay

$18,000
Only $18,000 is deductible, and the remaining $13,000 is either unreasonable in amount or against public policy (as a bribe).

Essay

$1,220The meal is 100 percent deductible, but the entertainment is not deductible.

Essay

$7,500.Uniforms are deductible if not adaptable to normal wear (as would be the case with colorful logo shirts), and life insurance premiums (if not key-employee policies) are deductible as compensation.

Essay

$8,400.
Uniforms are deductible if not adaptable to normal wear (as would be the case with colorful logo shirts), and life insurance premiums (if not key-employee policies) are deductible as compensation.

Essay

$66,000.The fine and political contribution are not deductible, as they are against public policy. The compensation of $33,000 for the part-time employees is deductible. Wages paid to her husband of $33,000 would also be deductible. However, the additional wages of $22,000 would appear to be excessive and therefore not deductible.

Essay

$67,000.
The fine and political contribution are not deductible, as they are against public policy. The compensation of $33,500 for the part-time employees is deductible. Wages paid to her husband of $33,500 would also be deductible. However, the additional wages of $21,000 would appear to be excessive and therefore not deductible.

Essay

$3,280 = $600 + $800 + (4 nights × $200) + [4 × $140] + (4 × $80).The trip is primarily for business, so the airfare is completely deductible. Only four days' cost can be deducted for the lodging, meals, and auto rental.

Essay

$3,272 = $615 + $785 + (4 nights × $188) + [4 × $170 ] + (4 × $110).
The trip is primarily for business so the airfare is completely deductible. Only four days’ cost can be deducted for the lodging, meals, and auto rental.

Essay

$3,220 = $2,500 + (2 × $120) + (2 × $90) + [2 × $150].The trip is primarily personal, so the airfare is not deductible. Only two days' cost can be deducted for the lodging, meals, and auto rental.

Essay

$4,240 = $2,950 + (2 × $270) + (2 × $75) + [2 × $300].
The trip is primarily personal, so the airfare is not deductible. Only two days’ cost can be deducted for the lodging, meals, and auto rental.

Essay

$25,350$25,350 = $18,000 salary plus $7,350 for transportation. Note that for transportation Gabby can deduct $6,845 ($58.5 a mile in 2022 × 11,700) or she can choose to deduct actual costs of $7,350.

Essay

$25,000 = (30/36 × [$18,000 + $12,000]) or $17,550 = (30,000 × $58.5 per mile in 2022).
Alvin can claim a proportionate amount of expenses or use the mileage rate.

Essay

$1,010,000 = $350,000 + [30% × ($1,300,000 − $350,000 + $1,250,000)].The interest deduction is limited to interest income plus 30 percent of allocable taxable income of $1.3 million less interest income plus interest expense.

Essay

$1,798,800 = $384,000 + [30% × ($3,000,000 − $384,000 + $2,100,000)].
The interest deduction is limited to interest income plus 30 percent of allocable taxable income of $3.0 million less interest income plus interest expense.

Essay

$400,000The business interest deduction is limited to interest income plus 30 percent of allocable taxable income (subtracting interest income and adding back deductions for interest, depreciation, and NOLs) or $464,000 = $50,000 + [30% × ($700,000 − $50,000 + $400,000 + $230,000 + $100,000)]. The limitation is $464,000, however, Sandy Bottoms cannot deduct more interest than actually paid.

Essay

$410,000
The business interest deduction is the amount of interest income plus 30 percent of the taxable income computed without regard to (1) any item of income, gain, deduction, or loss that is not properly allocable to a trade or business (2) any business interest expense or business interest income (3) the amount of any net operating loss deduction and any deduction for qualified business income (QBI) under section 199A. $410,000 = $50,000 + [30% × ($800,000 − $50,000 + $450,000].

Essay

$416,800
The business interest deduction is the amount of interest income plus 30 percent of the taxable income computed without regard to (1) any item of income, gain, deduction, or loss that is not properly allocable to a trade or business (2) any business interest expense or business interest income (3) the amount of any net operating loss deduction and any deduction for qualified business income (QBI) under section 199A. $416,800 = $52,000 + [30% × ($816,000 − $52,000 + $452,000].

Essay

$75,900 = $45,000 + [30% × ($100,000 − $45,000 + $40,000 + $8,000)].

Maximum business interest deduction is $40,000 as actual interest expense is less than the limit of $75,900.

The business interest deduction is the amount of interest income plus 30 percent of the taxable income computed without regard to (1) any item of income, gain, deduction, or loss that is not properly allocable to a trade or business, (2) any business interest expense or business interest income, (3) the amount of any net operating loss deduction, and any deduction for qualified business income (QBI) under section 199A.

Essay

($2,900) = $1,500 − $4,400.
If a business asset is damaged but not completely destroyed, the amount of the loss is the amount of the insurance proceeds ($1,500) minus the lesser of (1) the asset's adjusted basis of $8,000 ($20,000 − $12,000) or (2) the decline in the value of the asset due to the casualty (repairs) of $4,400.

Essay

($2,075) = $1,775 − $3,850.
If a business asset is damaged but not completely destroyed, the amount of the loss is the amount of the insurance proceeds ($1,775) minus the lesser of (1) the asset's adjusted basis of $12,400 ($25,500 − $13,100) or (2) the decline in the value of the asset due to the casualty (repairs) of $3,850.

Essay

$27,500 = $112,000 − $84,500.
A sole proprietorship must report on the same year-end as the proprietor—in this case a calendar year.

Essay

$31,750 = $113,700 − $81,950.
A sole proprietorship must report on the same year-end as the proprietor—in this case a calendar year.

Essay

$4,000.
Prepayments are recognized as income in the year of receipt for cash-method taxpayers.

Essay

Mike can elect to recognize $5,000 this year using the deferral method, but he would need to recognize $10,000 next year (and zero the following year).The deferral method can be elected by accrual-method taxpayers in the first year a prepayment is received if the method is also used for financial accounting purposes. The deferral for services can last no longer than the tax year following the receipt of the payment.

Essay

Mike can elect to recognize $4,650 this year using the deferral method, but he would need to recognize $13,950 next year (and zero the following year).
The deferral method can be elected by accrual-method taxpayers in the first year a prepayment is received if the method is also used for financial accounting purposes. The deferral for services can last no longer than the tax year following the receipt of the payment.

Essay

$1,440 = $840 interest ($120 × 7 months—June through December of this year) plus $600 insurance ($2,700/18 × 4 months—September through December of this year).Interest accrues ratably for an accrual-method taxpayer. Insurance is a payment liability and payment satisfies economic performance. However, since the insurance covers more than 12 months, the 12-month rule does not apply and the prepayment must be prorated over the period that the expenditure benefits.

Essay

$1,517 = $889 interest ($127 × 7 months—June through December of this year) plus $628 insurance ($2,983/19 × 4 months—September through December of this year).
Interest accrues ratably for an accrual-method taxpayer. Insurance is a payment liability and payment satisfies economic performance. However, since the insurance covers more than 12 months, the 12-month rule does not apply and the prepayment must be prorated over the period that the expenditure benefits.

Essay

$2,500 is deductible last year and $3,500 is deductible this year.Because Tim and Bob are "related" parties and Bob uses the accrual method, Bob will not deduct the fee until Tim includes it in his income.

Essay

Zero. The warranty cost is only deductible when paid, this year.
Warranties provided to the taxpayer are payment liabilities. Consequently, Colby is not allowed to deduct the $15,000 cost of the warranty last year. He will deduct it this year when the warranty is paid for.

Essay

$400,000The accrued $1 million warranty expense is an estimate and warranty expense is a service that can be deducted only when provided or the cost is incurred. Hence, Ranger is allowed to deduct the $400,000 spent repairing equipment under the warranty.

Essay

ZeroBecause tort liabilities such as this are payment liabilities, Blackwell will not be able to deduct any claim until it is paid.

Essay

$5,000.The all-events test is satisfied for $50,000, but Joe can only deduct $5,000 this year because that was the amount of services provided to Joe this year (unless Joe paid more and reasonably expected economic performance within three and a half months of the date of payment).

Essay

$3,050.Shadow can deduct amounts paid for services provided to it this year and any amounts paid if performance is reasonably expected within three and a half months of the date of the payment.

Essay

$15,000.Unless the services are rendered, Murphy can only deduct costs actually incurred, $15,000. The remainder is not deductible until next year because of economic performance.

Essay

$42,000 = $24,000 + $18,000.Economic performance occurs for the rent ratably over time, so only $24,000 is accrued ($4,000 per month times six months). Insurance is a payment liability and accrues only as paid. However, since the payment spans two periods (six months this year and six months next year), the portion benefiting the future period would typically be capitalized. In this case, the duration of the contract does not exceed 12 months and the payment does not extend beyond the end of next year. So, the 12-month rule allows for the deduction of $18,000. Note that the 12-month rule cannot apply to the rent until economic performance occurs, and this only happens ratably.